1	ı	-			
1	ROB BONTA				
2	Attorney General of California STEVEN D. MUNI				
3	Supervising Deputy Attorney General RYAN YATES				
4	Deputy Attorney General State Bar No. 279257				
5	1300 I Street, Suite 125 P.O. Box 944255				
6	Sacramento, CA 94244-2550 Telephone: (916) 210-7508				
7	Facsimile: (916) 327-2247				
8	Attorneys for Complainant				
9					
10	BEFOR PHYSICIAN ASSI				
11	DEPARTMENT OF CO	ONSUMER AFFAIRS			
12	STATE OF CA	ALIFORNIA			
13	In the Matter of the Accusation Against:	Case No. 950-2019-002238			
14					
15	12439 Pino Way Nevada City, CA 95959	ACCUSATION			
16	Dhysisian Assistant License No. DA 12506				
17	Physician Assistant License No. PA 12506				
18	Respondent.				
19	Complainant alleges:				
20	PART	TIES			
21	1. Rozana Khan (Complainant) brings th	is Accusation solely in her official capacity as			
22	the Executive Officer of the Physician Assistant E	Soard (Board), Department of Consumer Affairs.			
23	2. On or about March 12, 1990, the Phys	sician Assistant Board issued Physician			
24	Assistant License Number PA 12506 to Francisco	H. Martinez, P.A. (Respondent). That license			
25	was in full force and effect at all times relevant to	the charges brought herein and will expire on			
26	December 31, 2023, unless renewed.				
27	///				
28	///				
		1			

///

JURISDICTION

- 3. This Accusation is brought before the Board under the authority of the following laws. All section references are to the Business and Professions Code (Code) unless otherwise indicated.
 - 4. Section 3502 of the Code states:
 - (a) Notwithstanding any other law, a PA may perform medical services as authorized by this chapter if the following requirements are met:
 - (1) The PA renders the services under the supervision of a licensed physician and surgeon who is not subject to a disciplinary condition imposed by the Medical Board of California or by the Osteopathic Medical Board of California prohibiting that supervision or prohibiting the employment of a physician assistant.
 - (2) The PA renders the services pursuant to a practice agreement that meets the requirements of Section 3502.3.
 - (3) The PA is competent to perform the services.
 - (4) The PA's education, training, and experience have prepared the PA to render the services.
 - (b) (1) Notwithstanding any other law, a physician assistant performing medical services under the supervision of a physician and surgeon may assist a doctor of podiatric medicine who is a partner, shareholder, or employee in the same medical group as the supervising physician and surgeon. A physician assistant who assists a doctor of podiatric medicine pursuant to this subdivision shall do so only according to patient-specific orders from a supervising physician and surgeon.
 - (2) A supervising physician and surgeon shall be available to the physician assistant for consultation when assistance is rendered pursuant to this subdivision. A physician assistant assisting a doctor of podiatric medicine shall be limited to performing those duties included within the scope of practice of a doctor of podiatric medicine.
 - (c) Nothing in regulations shall require that a physician and surgeon review or countersign a medical record of a patient treated by a physician assistant, unless required by the practice agreement. The board may, as a condition of probation or reinstatement of a licensee, require the review or countersignature of records of patients treated by a physician assistant for a specified duration.
 - (d) This chapter does not authorize the performance of medical services in any of the following areas:
 - (1) The determination of the refractive states of the human eye, or the fitting or adaptation of lenses or frames for the aid thereof.
 - (2) The prescribing or directing the use of, or using, any optical device in connection with ocular exercises, visual training, or orthoptics.

- (3) The prescribing of contact lenses for, or the fitting or adaptation of contact
- (4) The practice of dentistry or dental hygiene or the work of a dental auxiliary as defined in Chapter 4 (commencing with Section 1600).
- (e) This section shall not be construed in a manner that shall preclude the performance of routine visual screening as defined in Section 3501.
- (f) Notwithstanding any other law, a PA rendering services in a general acute care hospital as defined in Section 1250 of the Health and Safety Code shall be supervised by a physician and surgeon with privileges to practice in that hospital. Within a general acute care hospital, the practice agreement shall establish policies and procedures to identify a physician and surgeon who is supervising the PA.

In addition to the medical services authorized in the regulations adopted pursuant to Section 3502, and except as prohibited by Section 3502, a PA may furnish or order a drug or device subject to all of the following:

- (a) The PA shall furnish or order a drug or device in accordance with the practice agreement and consistent with the PA's educational preparation or for which clinical competency has been established and maintained.
- (b)(1) A practice agreement authorizing a PA to order or furnish a drug or device shall specify which PA or PA's may furnish or order a drug or device, which drugs or devices may be furnished or ordered, under what circumstances, the extent of physician and surgeon supervision, the method of periodic review of the PA's competence, including peer review, and review of the practice agreement.
- (2) In addition to the requirements in paragraph (1), if the practice agreement authorizes the PA to furnish a Schedule II controlled substance, the practice agreement shall address the diagnosis of the illness, injury, or condition for which the PA may furnish the Schedule II controlled substance.
- (c) The PA shall furnish or order drugs or devices under physician and surgeon supervision. This subdivision shall not be construed to require the physical presence of the physician and surgeon, but does require the following:
 - (1) Adherence to adequate supervision as agreed to in the practice agreement.
- (2) The physician and surgeon be available by telephone or other electronic communication method at the time the PA examines the patient.
- (d)(1) Except as provided in paragraph (2), the PA may furnish or order only those Schedule II through Schedule V controlled substances under the California Uniform Controlled Substances Act (Division 10 (commencing with Section 11000) of the Health and Safety Code) that have been agreed upon in the practice agreement.
- (2) The PA may furnish or order Schedule II or III controlled substances, as defined in Sections 11055 and 11056, respectively, of the Health and Safety Code, in accordance with the practice agreement or a patient-specific order approved by the treating or supervising physician and surgeon.

- (a) The board may order the denial of an application for, or the issuance subject to terms and conditions of, or the suspension or revocation of, or the imposition of probationary conditions upon a PA license after a hearing as required in Section 3528 for unprofessional conduct that includes, but is not limited to, a violation of this chapter, a violation of the Medical Practice Act, or a violation of the regulations adopted by the board or the Medical Board of California.
- (b) The board may order the denial of an application for, or the suspension or revocation of, or the imposition of probationary conditions upon, an approved program after a hearing as required in Section 3528 for a violation of this chapter or the regulations adopted pursuant thereto.
- (c) The Medical Board of California may order the imposition of probationary conditions upon a physician and surgeon's authority to supervise a PA, after a hearing as required in Section 3528, for unprofessional conduct, which includes, but is not limited to, a violation of this chapter, a violation of the Medical Practice Act, or a violation of the regulations adopted by the board or the Medical Board of California.
- (d) The board may order the denial of an application for, or the suspension or revocation of, or the imposition of probationary conditions upon, a PA license, after a hearing as required in Section 3528 for unprofessional conduct that includes, except for good cause, the knowing failure of a licensee to protect patients by failing to follow infection control guidelines of the board, thereby risking transmission of bloodborne infectious diseases from licensee to patient, from patient to patient, and from patient to licensee. In administering this subdivision, the board shall consider referencing the standards, regulations, and guidelines of the State Department of Health developed pursuant to Section 1250.11 of the Health and Safety Code and the standards, regulations, and guidelines pursuant to the California Occupational Safety and Health Act of 1973 (Part 1 (commencing with Section 6300) of Division 5 of the Labor Code) for preventing the transmission of HIV, hepatitis B, and other bloodborne pathogens in health care settings. As necessary, the board shall consult with the Medical Board of California, the Osteopathic Medical Board of California, the Podiatric Medical Board of California, the Dental Board of California, the Board of Registered Nursing, and the Board of Vocational Nursing and Psychiatric Technicians of the State of California to encourage appropriate consistency in the implementation of this subdivision.

The board shall seek to ensure that licensees are informed of the responsibility of licensees and others to follow infection control guidelines, and of the most recent scientifically recognized safeguards for minimizing the risk of transmission of bloodborne infectious diseases.

- (e) The board may order the licensee to pay the costs of monitoring the probationary conditions imposed on the license.
- (f) The expiration, cancellation, forfeiture, or suspension of a PA license by operation of law or by order or decision of the board or a court of law, the placement of a license on a retired status, or the voluntary surrender of a license by a licensee shall not deprive the board of jurisdiction to commence or proceed with any investigation of, or action or disciplinary proceeding against, the licensee or to render a decision suspending or revoking the license.

26

8. Section 3528 of the Code provides in pertinent part that any proceedings involving the denial, suspension, or revocation of the application for licensure or the license of a PA or the application for approval or the approval of an approved program under this chapter shall be conducted in accordance with Chapter 5 (commencing with Section 11500) of Part 1 of Division 3 of Title 2 of the Government Code.

9. Section 2234 of the Code states, in pertinent part:

The board shall take action against any licensee who is charged with unprofessional conduct. In addition to other provisions of this article, unprofessional conduct includes, but is not limited to, the following:

- (a) Violating or attempting to violate, directly or indirectly, assisting in or abetting the violation of, or conspiring to violate any provision of this chapter.
 - (b) Gross negligence.
- (c) Repeated negligent acts. To be repeated, there must be two or more negligent acts or omissions. An initial negligent act or omission followed by a separate and distinct departure from the applicable standard of care shall constitute repeated negligent acts.
- (1) An initial negligent diagnosis followed by an act or omission medically appropriate for that negligent diagnosis of the patient shall constitute a single negligent act.
- (2) When the standard of care requires a change in the diagnosis, act, or omission that constitutes the negligent act described in paragraph (1), including, but not limited to, a reevaluation of the diagnosis or a change in treatment, and the licensee's conduct departs from the applicable standard of care, each departure constitutes a separate and distinct breach of the standard of care.

""

Section 125.3 of the Code states, in pertinent part, that the Board may request the administrative law judge to direct a licensee found to have committed a violation or violations of the licensing act to pay a sum not to exceed the reasonable costs of the investigation and enforcement of the case.

10. California Code of Regulations, title 16, section 1399.521 states:

In addition to the grounds set forth in section 3527, subdivision (a), of the Code, the board may deny, issue subject to terms and conditions, suspend, revoke or place on probation a physician assistant for the following causes: (a) Any violation of the State Medical Practice Act which would constitute unprofessional conduct for a physician and surgeon. (b) Using fraud or deception in passing an examination

administered or approved by the board. (c) Practicing as a physician assistant under a physician who has been prohibited by the Medical Board of California or the Osteopathic Medical Board of California from supervising physician assistants. (d) Performing medical tasks which exceed the scope of practice of a physician assistant as prescribed in these regulations.

PERTINENT DRUG INFORMATION

- 11. Acetaminophen with Codeine Phosphate Generic name for the drug Tylenol with Codeine III. Acetaminophen with codeine phosphate is classified as an opioid analgesic and antitussive combination product used to treat moderate to moderately severe pain. Prior to October 6, 2014, Acetaminophen with codeine phosphate was a Schedule III controlled substance pursuant to Code of Federal Regulations Title 21 section 1308.13(e). Currently, it is a Schedule II controlled substance. Acetaminophen with codeine phosphate is a dangerous drug pursuant to California Business and Professions Code section 4022 and is a Schedule II controlled substance pursuant to California Health and Safety Code section 11055, subdivision (b).
- 12. <u>Carisoprodol</u> Generic name for Soma. Carisoprodol is a centrally acting skeletal muscle relaxant. On January 11, 2012, Carisoprodol was classified a Schedule IV controlled substance pursuant to Code of Federal Regulations Title 21 section 1308.14(c). It is a dangerous drug pursuant to Business and Professions Code section 4022.
- 13. <u>Clonazepam</u> Generic name for Klonopin. Clonazepam is an anti-anxiety medication in the benzodiazepine family used to prevent seizures, panic disorder and akathisia. Clonazepam is a Schedule IV controlled substance pursuant to Code of Federal Regulations Title 21 section 1308.14(c). It is a Schedule IV controlled substance pursuant to Health and Safety Code section 11057, subdivision (d), and a dangerous drug pursuant to Business and Professions Code section 4022.
- 14. <u>Diazepam</u> Generic name for Valium. Diazepam is a long-acting member of the benzodiazepine family used for the treatment of anxiety and panic attacks. Diazepam is a Schedule IV controlled substance pursuant to Code of Federal Regulations Title 21 section

² On October 6, 2014, Hydrocodone combination products were reclassified as Schedule II controlled substances. Federal Register Volume 79, Number 163. Code of Federal Regulations Title 21 section 1308.12.

1308.14(c) and Health and Safety Code section 11057, subdivision (d), and a dangerous drug pursuant to Business and Professions Code section 4022.

- 15. Hydrocodone with acetaminophen Generic name for the drugs Vicodin, Norco, and Lortab. Hydrocodone with acetaminophen is classified as an opioid analgesic combination product used to treat moderate to moderately severe pain. Prior to October 6, 2014, Hydrocodone with acetaminophen was a Schedule III controlled substance pursuant to Code of Federal Regulations Title 21 section 1308.13(e). Currently, it is a Schedule II controlled substance.³ Hydrocodone with acetaminophen is a dangerous drug pursuant to California Business and Professions Code section 4022 and is a Schedule II controlled substance pursuant to California Health and Safety Code section 11055, subdivision (b).
- 16. Morphine Generic name for the drug MS Contin. Morphine is an opioid analgesic drug. It is the main psychoactive chemical in opium. Like other opioids, such as oxycodone, hydromorphone, and heroin, morphine acts directly on the central nervous system (CNS) to relieve pain. Morphine is a Scheduled II controlled substance pursuant to Code of Federal Regulations Title 21 section 1308.12. Morphine is a Schedule II controlled substance pursuant to Health and Safety Code 11055, subdivision (b), and a dangerous drug pursuant to Business and Professions Code section 4022.
- 17. Promethazine with codeine syrup Generic for the drug Phenergan with Codeine and others. Promethazine with codeine syrup is an antihistamine and antitussive agent used to temporarily relieve cough and upper respiratory symptoms associated with allergy or the common cold. Promethazine with codeine syrup is a Schedule V controlled substance pursuant to Code of Federal Regulations Title 21 Section 1308.15(c). Promethazine with codeine syrup is a dangerous drug as defined by California Business and Professions Code section 4022 and a Schedule V controlled substance pursuant to California Health and Safety Code section 11058(c).
- 18. <u>Temazepam</u> Generic name for Restoril. Temazepam is an intermediate-acting benzodiazepine used to treat insomnia. Temazepam is a Schedule IV controlled substance

³ On October 6, 2014, Hydrocodone combination products were reclassified as Schedule II controlled substances. Federal Register Volume 79, Number 163. Code of Federal Regulations Title 21 section 1308.12.

pursuant to Code of Federal Regulations Title 21 section 1308.14(c). It is a Schedule IV controlled substance pursuant to Health and Safety Code section 11057, subdivision (d), and a dangerous drug pursuant to Business and Professions Code section 4022.

19. Zolpidem Tartrate – Generic name for Ambien. Zolpidem Tartrate is a sedative and hypnotic used for short term treatment of insomnia. Zolpidem Tartrate is a Schedule IV controlled substance pursuant to Code of Federal Regulations Title 21 section 1308.14(c). It is a Schedule IV controlled substance pursuant to Health and Safety Code section 11057, subdivision (d), and a dangerous drug pursuant to Business and Professions Code section 4022.

COST RECOVERY

- 20. Section 125.3 of the Code states:
- "(a) Except as otherwise provided by law, in any order issued in resolution of a disciplinary proceeding before any board within the department or before the Osteopathic Medical Board, upon request of the entity bringing the proceedings, the administrative law judge may direct a licentiate found to have committed a violation or violations of the licensing act to pay a sum not to exceed the reasonable costs of the investigation and enforcement of the case.
- "(b) In the case of a disciplined licentiate that is a corporation or a partnership, the order may be made against the licensed corporate entity or licensed partnership.
- "(c) A certified copy of the actual costs, or a good faith estimate of costs where actual costs are not available, signed by the entity bringing the proceeding or its designated representative shall be prima facie evidence of reasonable costs of investigation and prosecution of the case.

 The costs shall include the amount of investigative and enforcement costs up to the date of the hearing, including, but not limited to, charges imposed by the Attorney General.
- "(d) The administrative law judge shall make a proposed finding of the amount of reasonable costs of investigation and prosecution of the case when requested pursuant to subdivision (a). The finding of the administrative law judge with regard to costs shall not be reviewable by the board to increase the cost award. The board may reduce or eliminate the cost award, or remand to the administrative law judge if the proposed decision fails to make a finding on costs requested pursuant to subdivision (a).

- "(e) If an order for recovery of costs is made and timely payment is not made as directed in the board's decision, the board may enforce the order for repayment in any appropriate court.

 This right of enforcement shall be in addition to any other rights the board may have as to any licentiate to pay costs.
- "(f) In any action for recovery of costs, proof of the board's decision shall be conclusive proof of the validity of the order of payment and the terms for payment.
- "(g) (1) Except as provided in paragraph (2), the board shall not renew or reinstate the license of any licentiate who has failed to pay all of the costs ordered under this section.
- (2) Notwithstanding paragraph (1), the board may, in its discretion, conditionally renew or reinstate for a maximum of one year the license of any licentiate who demonstrates financial hardship and who enters into a formal agreement with the board to reimburse the board within that one-year period for the unpaid costs.
- "(h) All costs recovered under this section shall be considered a reimbursement for costs incurred and shall be deposited in the fund of the board recovering the costs to be available upon appropriation by the Legislature.
- "(i) Nothing in this section shall preclude a board from including the recovery of the costs of investigation and enforcement of a case in any stipulated settlement.
- "(j) This section does not apply to any board if a specific statutory provision in that board's licensing act provides for recovery of costs in an administrative disciplinary proceeding.
- "(k) Notwithstanding the provisions of this section, the Medical Board of California shall not request nor obtain from a physician and surgeon, investigation and prosecution costs for a disciplinary proceeding against the licentiate. The board shall ensure that this subdivision is revenue neutral with regard to it and that any loss of revenue or increase in costs resulting from this subdivision is offset by an increase in the amount of the initial license fee and the biennial renewal fee, as provided in subdivision (e) of Section 2435."

///

27 | / /

28 | //

FIRST CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(Gross Negligence)

21. Respondent's license is subject to disciplinary action under Section 2234, subdivision (b), of the Code, in that he committed gross negligence during the care and treatment of Patients A, B, and C. The circumstances are as follows:

Patient A

- 22. On or about July 10, 2015, Patient A,⁴ a then 89-year old woman, was first seen by Respondent. Patient A had a history of insomnia. Between on or about March 17, 2016, and July 20, 2018, Respondent prescribed Patient A Temazepam (up to 30 capsules per month of 30 milligram doses). On or about October 17, 2016, and July 20, 2018, Respondent prescribed Patient A Acetaminophen with Codeine Phosphate (60 tablets of 300 milligram / 30 milligram doses). Between on or about November 8, 2016, 2016, and December 26, 2017, Respondent prescribed Patient A Zolpidem tartrate (30 capsules per month of 10 milligram doses). On or about June 6, 2018, Respondent prescribed Patient A Hydrocodone-Bitartrate with Acetaminophen (30 tablets of 325 milligram / 5 milligram doses).
- 23. Based on Patient A's age—continuing prescriptions of benzodiazepines and/or sedative hypnotics for insomnia, for a longer than 90 day period—could result in increased risk of patient harm.⁵ However, between on or about June 28, 2016, and October 6, 2016, Respondent continued prescribing Temazepam (a benzodiazepine) to Patient A for insomnia, following her initial 90 days on the medication. Additionally, between on or about November 8, 2016 and December 26, 2017, Respondent prescribed Patient A Zolpidem tartrate (a sedative hypnotic) to Patient A for insomnia, following her initial 90 days on the medication.
- 24. On or about November of 2017, Patient A's son (Son) visited her for Thanksgiving. During the visit, Son observed Patient A drink some wine, then shortly after, Patient A took her

⁴ To protect the privacy of all patients involved, patient names have not been included in this pleading. Respondent is aware of the identity of the patients referred to herein.

⁵ Those increased risks include, but are not limited to: cognitive impairment, delirium, falls, fractures, and motor vehicle accidents in older adults.

prescribed medications prior to going to bed. After taking the medication, Son observed Patient A unable to walk or stand.

- 25. On or about February 4, 2018, Son visited Patient A for her birthday. During the visit, Son observed Patient A slurring her words and unable to walk. Following that interaction, Patient A and Son spoke on the phone. During the conversation, Patient A stated to Son that she had been taking Zolpidem for several years, as prescribed to her.
- 26. Respondent's care and treatment of Patient A was grossly negligent in the following respects:
- a. Respondent failed to end Patient A's temazepam and zolpidem prescriptions after a maximum of 90 days, based on Patient A's age.

Patient B

- 27. In or about November of 2014, Respondent began seeing, Patient B, a then 77 year-old male with a history of chronic back pain, diabetes and anxiety disorder.
- 28. The Board obtained certified pharmacy profiles pertaining to Patient B, from the dates of November 19, 2014, to March 24, 2020. During that time period, Respondent prescribed large amounts of a variety of controlled substances to Patient B. During the aforementioned time period, Respondent prescribed or re-filled the following controlled substances to Patient B:

Date Filled	Prescription	Quantity	Dosage	Schedule
November 19, 2014	Hydrocodone Bitartrate- Acetaminophen	120 tablets	325 mgs / 10 mgs	II
December 16, 2014	Morphine Sulfate	90 tablets	60 mgs	II
December 19, 2014	Hydrocodone Bitartrate- Acetaminophen	120 tablets	325 mgs / 10 mgs	II
February 11, 2015	Hydrocodone Bitartrate- Acetaminophen	120 tablets	325 mgs / 10 mgs	II
March 18, 2015	Hydrocodone Bitartrate- Acetaminophen	120 tablets	325 mgs / 10 mgs	II
April 17, 2015	Morphine Sulfate	90 tablets	60 mgs	II

1
2
3
4
5
6
7
8
9
10
11
12
13
14
15
16
17
18
19
20
21
22
23
24
25
26
27

April 17, 2015	Acetaminophen - Hydrocodone	120 tablets	325 mgs / 10 mgs	II
May 15, 2015	Bitartrate Acetaminophen - Hydrocodone Bitartrate	120 tablets	325 mgs / 10 mgs	II
June 15, 2015	Acetaminophen - Hydrocodone Bitartrate	120 tablets	325 mgs / 10 mgs	II
July 7, 2015	Morphine Sulfate	90 tablets	60 mgs	II
July 16, 2015	Acetaminophen - Hydrocodone Bitartrate	120 tablets	325 mgs / 10 mgs	II
July 21, 2015	Zolpidem Tartrate	30 tablets	10 mgs	IV
September 14, 2015	Hydrocodone Bitartrate- Acetaminophen	120 tablets	325 mgs / 10 mgs	II
September 17, 2015	Morphine Sulfate	90 tablets	60 mgs	II
September 23, 2015	Zolpidem Tartrate	30 tablets	10 mgs	IV
October 12, 2015	Hydrocodone Bitartrate- Acetaminophen	120 tablets	325 mgs / 10 mgs	II
October 14, 2015	Morphine Sulfate	90 tablets	60 mgs	II
October 21, 2015	Zolpidem Tartrate	30 tablets	10 mgs	IV
November 13, 2015	Morphine Sulfate	90 tablets	60 mgs	II
November 13, 2015	Acetaminophen - Hydrocodone Bitartrate	120 tablets	325 mgs / 10 mgs	II
December 16, 2015	Morphine Sulfate	90 tablets	60 mgs	II
December 16, 2015	Hydrocodone Bitartrate- Acetaminophen	120 tablets	325 mgs / 10 mgs	II
December 21, 2015	Zolpidem Tartrate	30 tablets	10 mgs	IV
January 15, 2016	Morphine Sulfate	90 tablets	60 mgs	II
January 15, 2016	Hydrocodone Bitartrate- Acetaminophen	120 tablets	325 mgs / 10 mgs	II
January 18, 2016	Zolpidem Tartrate	30 tablets	10 mgs	IV

February 12, 2016	Hydrocodone Bitartrate- Acetaminophen	120 tablets	325 mgs / 10 mgs	II
March 14, 2016	Morphine Sulfate	90 tablets	60 mgs	II
March 14, 2016	Hydrocodone Bitartrate- Acetaminophen	120 tablets	325 mgs / 10 mgs	II
March 14, 2016	Zolpidem Tartrate	30 tablets	10 mgs	IV
April 12, 2016	Hydrocodone Bitartrate- Acetaminophen	120 tablets	325 mgs / 10 mgs	II
April 12, 2016	Zolpidem Tartrate	30 tablets	10 mgs	IV
April 12, 2016	Morphine Sulfate	90 tablets	60 mgs	II
May 12, 2016	Hydrocodone Bitartrate- Acetaminophen	120 tablets	325 mgs / 10 mgs	II
May 12, 2016	Morphine Sulfate	90 tablets	60 mgs	II
June 10, 2016	Morphine Sulfate	90 tablets	60 mgs	II
June 10, 2016	Hydrocodone Bitartrate- Acetaminophen	120 tablets	325 mgs / 10 mgs	II
June 27, 2016	Zolpidem Tartrate	30 tablets	10 mgs	IV
July 6, 2016	Hydrocodone Bitartrate- Acetaminophen	120 tablets	325 mgs / 10 mgs	II
July 6, 2016	Morphine Sulfate	90 tablets	60 mgs	II
August 5, 2016	Hydrocodone Bitartrate- Acetaminophen	120 tablets	325 mgs / 10 mgs	II
August 5, 2016	Morphine Sulfate	90 tablets	60 mgs	II
September 2, 2016	Hydrocodone Bitartrate- Acetaminophen	120 tablets	325 mgs / 10 mgs	II
September 2, 2016	Morphine Sulfate	90 tablets	60 mgs	II
September 6, 2016	Diazepam	30 tablets	5 mgs	IV
October 2, 2016	Hydrocodone Bitartrate- Acetaminophen	120 tablets	325 mgs / 10 mgs	II

1
2
3
4
5
6
7
8
9
10
11
12
13
14
15
16
17
18
19
20
21
22
23
24
25
26
27
28

October 17, 2016	Diazepam	30 tablets	5 mgs	IV
October 31, 2016	Morphine Sulfate	90 tablets	60 mgs	II
November 1, 2016	Hydrocodone Bitartrate- Acetaminophen	120 tablets	325 mgs / 10 mgs	II
December 1, 2016	Morphine Sulfate	90 tablets	60 mgs	II
December 1, 2016	Hydrocodone Bitartrate- Acetaminophen	120 tablets	325 mgs / 10 mgs	II
January 1, 2017	Morphine Sulfate	90 tablets	60 mgs	II
February 1, 2017	Hydrocodone Bitartrate- Acetaminophen	120 tablets	325 mgs / 10 mgs	II
February 1, 2017	Diazepam	30 tablets	5 mgs	IV
February 1, 2017	Morphine Sulfate	60 tablets	60 mgs	II
March 3, 2017	Morphine Sulfate	60 tablets	60 mgs	II
March 3, 2017	Hydrocodone Bitartrate- Acetaminophen	180 tablets (emphasis added)	325 mgs / 10 mgs	II
March 3, 2017	Diazepam	30 tablets	5 mgs	IV
March 31, 2017	Hydrocodone Bitartrate- Acetaminophen	200 tablets (emphasis added)	325 mgs / 10 mgs	II
March 31, 2017	Morphine Sulfate	60 tablets	60 mgs	II
April 28, 2017	Hydrocodone Bitartrate- Acetaminophen	180 tablets (emphasis added)	325 mgs / 10 mgs	II
April 28, 2017	Morphine Sulfate	90 tablets (emphasis added)	60 mgs	II
April 28, 2017	Diazepam	30 tablets	5 mgs	IV
May 27, 2017	Hydrocodone Bitartrate- Acetaminophen	180 tablets	325 mgs / 10 mgs	II
May 27, 2017	Morphine Sulfate	90 tablets	60 mgs	II
May 27, 2017	Diazepam	30 tablets	5 mgs	IV
June 23, 2017	Hydrocodone Bitartrate- Acetaminophen	200 tablets (emphasis added)	325 mgs / 10 mgs	II

1
2
3
4
5
6
7
8
9
10
11
12
13
14
15
16
17
18
19
20
21
22
23
24
25
26
27

June 23, 2017	Morphine Sulfate	90 tablets	60 mgs	II
July 21, 2017	Diazepam	30 tablets	5 mgs	IV
July 21, 2017	Morphine Sulfate	90 tablets	60 mgs	II
July 25, 2017	Hydrocodone Bitartrate- Acetaminophen	200 tablets	325 mgs / 10 mgs	II
August 21, 2017	Morphine Sulfate	90 tablets	60 mgs	II
August 25, 2017	Hydrocodone Bitartrate- Acetaminophen	200 tablets	325 mgs / 10 mgs	II
September 1, 2017	Diazepam	30 tablets	5 mgs	IV
September 21, 2017	Morphine Sulfate	90 tablets	60 mgs	II
September 25, 2017	Hydrocodone Bitartrate- Acetaminophen	200 tablets	325 mgs / 10 mgs	II
October 16, 2017	Diazepam	30 tablets	5 mgs	IV
October 25, 2017	Morphine Sulfate	90 tablets	60 mgs	II
October 26, 2017	Hydrocodone Bitartrate- Acetaminophen	200 tablets	325 mgs / 10 mgs	П
November 24, 2017	Morphine Sulfate	90 tablets	60 mgs	II
November 24, 2017	Diazepam	30 tablets	5 mgs	IV
November 28, 2017	Hydrocodone Bitartrate- Acetaminophen	200 tablets	325 mgs / 10 mgs	II
December 26, 2017	Diazepam	30 tablets	5 mgs	IV
December 26, 2017	Morphine Sulfate	90 tablets	60 mgs	II
December 30, 2017	Hydrocodone Bitartrate- Acetaminophen	200 tablets	325 mgs / 10 mgs	П
January 30, 2018	Hydrocodone Bitartrate- Acetaminophen	200 tablets	325 mgs / 10 mgs	II
January 30, 2018	Morphine Sulfate	90 tablets	60 mgs	II
February 2, 2018	Diazepam	30 tablets	5 mgs	IV
February 28, 2018	Morphine Sulfate	90 tablets	60 mgs	II

1
2
3
4
5
6
7
8
9
10
11
12
13
14
15
16
17
18
19
20
21
22
23
24
25
26
27

March 2, 2018	Hydrocodone Bitartrate- Acetaminophen	200 tablets	325 mgs / 10 mgs	II
March 30, 2018	Hydrocodone Bitartrate- Acetaminophen	180 tablets	325 mgs / 10 mgs	II
March 30, 2018	Morphine Sulfate	60 tablets	60 mgs	II
April 8, 2018	Diazepam	30 tablets	5 mgs	IV
April 30, 2018	Hydrocodone Bitartrate- Acetaminophen	200 tablets	325 mgs / 10 mgs	II
April 30, 2018	Morphine Sulfate	60 tablets	60 mgs	II
May 16, 2018	Diazepam	30 tablets	5 mgs	IV
May 30, 2018	Hydrocodone Bitartrate- Acetaminophen	200 tablets	325 mgs / 10 mgs	II
May 30, 2018	Morphine Sulfate	60 tablets	60 mgs	II
June 29, 2018	Hydrocodone Bitartrate- Acetaminophen	200 tablets	325 mgs / 10 mgs	II
June 29, 2018	Diazepam	30 tablets	5 mgs	IV
June 29, 2018	Morphine Sulfate	60 tablets	60 mgs	II
July 30, 2018	Hydrocodone Bitartrate- Acetaminophen	200 tablets	325 mgs / 10 mgs	II
July 30, 2018	Morphine Sulfate	60 tablets	60 mgs	II
September 17, 2018	Diazepam	30 tablets	5 mgs	IV
September 24, 2018	Morphine Sulfate	60 tablets	60 mgs	II
September 28, 2018	Hydrocodone Bitartrate- Acetaminophen	200 tablets	325 mgs / 10 mgs	II
September 28, 2018	Morphine Sulfate	60 tablets	60 mgs	II
October 28, 2018	Hydrocodone Bitartrate- Acetaminophen	200 tablets	325 mgs / 10 mgs	II
October 28, 2018	Morphine Sulfate	60 tablets	60 mgs	II
November 6, 2018	Diazepam	30 tablets	5 mgs	IV

1
2
3
4
5
6
7
8
9
10
11
12
13
14
15
16
17
18
19
20
21
22
23
24
25
26
27

November 27, 2018	Morphine Sulfate	60 tablets	60 mgs	II
November 27, 2018	Hydrocodone Bitartrate- Acetaminophen	200 tablets	325 mgs / 10 mgs	II
December 11, 2018	Diazepam	30 tablets	5 mgs	IV
December 26, 2018	Hydrocodone Bitartrate- Acetaminophen	200 tablets	325 mgs / 10 mgs	II
December 26, 2018	Morphine Sulfate	60 tablets	60 mgs	II
January 23, 2019	Hydrocodone Bitartrate- Acetaminophen	200 tablets	325 mgs / 10 mgs	II
January 23, 2019	Morphine Sulfate	60 tablets	60 mgs	II
February 22, 2019	Morphine Sulfate	60 tablets	60 mgs	II
February 22, 2019	Hydrocodone Bitartrate- Acetaminophen	200 tablets	325 mgs / 10 mgs	II
March 22, 2019	Hydrocodone Bitartrate- Acetaminophen	200 tablets	325 mgs / 10 mgs	II
March 22, 2019	Diazepam	30 tablets	5 mgs	IV
March 22, 2019	Morphine Sulfate	60 tablets	60 mgs	II
April 22, 2019	Morphine Sulfate	60 tablets	60 mgs	II
April 22, 2019	Hydrocodone Bitartrate- Acetaminophen	200 tablets	325 mgs / 10 mgs	II
May 20, 2019	Diazepam	30 tablets	5 mgs	IV
May 20, 2019	Morphine Sulfate	60 tablets	60 mgs	II
May 30, 2019	Hydrocodone Bitartrate- Acetaminophen	180 tablets	325 mgs / 10 mgs	II
June 20, 2019	Morphine Sulfate	60 tablets	60 mgs	II
June 29, 2019	Hydrocodone Bitartrate- Acetaminophen	200 tablets	325 mgs / 10 mgs	II
July 1, 2019	Diazepam	30 tablets	5 mgs	IV
July 22, 2019	Morphine Sulfate	60 tablets	60 mgs	II

1
2
3
4
5
6
7
8
9
10
11
12
13
14
15
16
17
18
19
20
21
22
23
24
25
26
27

July 28, 2019	Hydrocodone Bitartrate- Acetaminophen	200 tablets	325 mgs / 10 mgs	II
August 15, 2019	Diazepam	30 tablets	5 mgs	IV
August 23, 2019	Morphine Sulfate	60 tablets	60 mgs	II
August 28, 2019	Hydrocodone Bitartrate- Acetaminophen	150 tablets	325 mgs / 10 mgs	II
September 16, 2019	Hydrocodone Bitartrate- Acetaminophen	45 tablets	325 mgs / 30 mgs	II
September 18, 2019	Diazepam	30 tablets	5 mgs	IV
September 19, 2019	Morphine Sulfate	60 tablets	60 mgs	II
September 27, 2019	Hydrocodone Bitartrate- Acetaminophen	180 tablets	325 mgs / 10 mgs	II
October 21, 2019	Morphine Sulfate	60 tablets	60 mgs	II
October 28, 2019	Hydrocodone Bitartrate- Acetaminophen	180 tablets	325 mgs / 10 mgs	II
November 19, 2019	Morphine Sulfate	60 tablets	60 mgs	II
November 27, 2019	Hydrocodone Bitartrate- Acetaminophen	180 tablets	325 mgs / 10 mgs	II
December 18, 2019	Morphine Sulfate	60 tablets	60 mgs	II
December 26, 2019	Hydrocodone Bitartrate- Acetaminophen	180 tablets	325 mgs / 10 mgs	II
January 16, 2020	Morphine Sulfate	60 tablets	60 mgs	II
January 24, 2020	Hydrocodone Bitartrate- Acetaminophen	200 tablets (emphasis added)	325 mgs / 10 mgs	II
February 21, 2020	Morphine Sulfate	60 tablets	60 mgs	II
February 24, 2020	Hydrocodone Bitartrate- Acetaminophen	180 tablets	325 mgs / 10 mgs	II
March 24, 2020	Morphine Sulfate	60 tablets	60 mgs	II
March 24, 2020	Hydrocodone Bitartrate- Acetaminophen	200 tablets	325 mgs / 10 mgs	II

- 29. Respondent committed the following acts of gross negligence in his care of Patient B, which included but was not limited to, the following:
- a.) Between on or about March 18, 2015 and on or about June 27, 2016,
 Respondent failed to end the use of benzodiazepines and/or sedative hypnotics in Patient B, after 90 days of use;
- b.) Between on or about November 19, 2014 and on or about September 18, 2019, Respondent improperly prescribed a combination of central nervous system depressants (opioids and benzodiazepines) to Patient B; and
- c.) Between on or about November 19, 2014, and on or about March 24, 2020, Respondent failed to taper or reduce the dosage of opioids prescribed to Patient B.

Patient C

- 30. In or about June of 2013, Respondent began seeing, Patient C, a then 63 year-old female with a history of low back pain and generalized anxiety disorder.
- 31. The Board obtained certified pharmacy profiles pertaining to Patient C, from the dates of December 2, 2014, to May 14, 2020. During that time period, Respondent prescribed large amounts of a variety of controlled substances to Patient C. During the aforementioned time period, Respondent prescribed or re-filled the following controlled substances to Patient C:

Date Filled	Prescription	Quantity	Dosage	Schedule
December 2, 2014	Clonazepam	90 tablets	1 mg	IV
January 2, 2015	Clonazepam	90 tablets	1 mg	IV
February 10, 2015	Clonazepam	90 tablets	1 mg	IV
February 20, 2015	Hydrocodone Bitartrate- Acetaminophen	20 tablets	325 mgs / 5 mgs	II
March 10, 2015	Clonazepam	60 tablets	1 mg	IV
March 23, 2015	Hydrocodone Bitartrate- Acetaminophen	21 tablets	325 mgs / 5 mgs	II
April 23, 2015	Clonazepam	60 tablets	1 mg	IV

1
2
3
4
5
6
7
8
9
10
11
12
13
14
15
16
17
18
19
20
21
22
23
24
25
26
27

May 22, 2015	Clonazepam	60 tablets	1 mg	IV
June 25, 2015	Clonazepam	60 tablets	1 mg	IV
July 28, 2015	Clonazepam	60 tablets	1 mg	IV
August 12, 2015	Hydrocodone Bitartrate- Acetaminophen	20 tablets	325 mgs / 5 mgs	II
August 28, 2015	Clonazepam	60 tablets	1 mg	IV
September 30, 2015	Clonazepam	60 tablets	1 mg	IV
October 27, 2015	Clonazepam	60 tablets	1 mg	IV
November 6, 2015	Hydrocodone Bitartrate- Acetaminophen	20 tablets	325 mgs / 5 mgs	II
November 23, 2015	Clonazepam	60 tablets	1 mg	IV
December 21, 2015	Clonazepam	60 tablets	1 mg	IV
January 18, 2016	Clonazepam	60 tablets	1 mg	IV
February 18, 2016	Clonazepam	60 tablets	1 mg	IV
March 15, 2016	Hydrocodone Bitartrate- Acetaminophen	60 tablets (Emphasis added)	325 mgs / 10 mgs	II
March 21, 2016	Clonazepam	60 tablets	1 mg	IV
April 14, 2016	Hydrocodone Bitartrate- Acetaminophen	60 tablets	325 mgs / 10 mgs	II
April 20, 2016	Clonazepam	60 tablets	1 mg	IV
May 19, 2016	Hydrocodone Bitartrate- Acetaminophen	60 tablets	325 mgs / 10 mgs	II
May 19, 2016	Clonazepam	60 tablets	1 mg	IV
June 17, 2016	Hydrocodone Bitartrate- Acetaminophen	60 tablets	325 mgs / 10 mgs	II
June 20, 2016	Clonazepam	60 tablets	1 mg	IV
July 18, 2016	Hydrocodone Bitartrate- Acetaminophen	60 tablets	325 mgs / 10 mgs	II
July 18, 2016	Clonazepam	60 tablets	2 mgs	IV

1
2
3
4
5
6
7
8
9
10
11
12
13
14
15
16
17
18
19
20
21
22
23
24
25
26
27

August 15, 2016	Clonazepam	60 tablets	2 mgs	IV
August 15, 2016	II11		225 / 5	1 V
August 18, 2016	Hydrocodone Bitartrate- Acetaminophen	16 tablets	325 mgs / 5 mgs	II
August 25, 2016	Carisoprodol	60 tablets	350 mgs	IV
August 25, 2016	Hydrocodone Bitartrate- Acetaminophen	90 tablets (Emphasis added)	325 mgs / 10 mgs	II
September 12, 2016	Clonazepam	30 tablets	2 mgs	IV
September 24, 2016	Hydrocodone Bitartrate- Acetaminophen	90 tablets	325 mgs / 10 mgs	II
September 29, 2016	Carisoprodol	60 tablets	350 mgs	IV
October 13, 2016	Clonazepam	30 tablets	2 mgs	IV
October 17, 2016	Promethazine HCL – Codeine phosphate	90 doses of syrup	6.25 mgs / 5 ml-10 mgs / 5 ml	V
October 24, 2016	Hydrocodone Bitartrate- Acetaminophen	90 tablets	325 mgs / 10 mgs	II
November 1, 2016	Carisoprodol	60 tablets	350 mgs	IV
November 10, 2016	Clonazepam	30 tablets	2 mgs	IV
November 23, 2016	Hydrocodone Bitartrate- Acetaminophen	90 tablets	325 mgs / 10 mgs	II
December 12, 2016	Clonazepam	30 tablets	2 mgs	IV
December 12, 2016	Carisoprodol	60 tablets	350 mgs	IV
December 23, 2016	Hydrocodone Bitartrate- Acetaminophen	90 tablets	325 mgs / 10 mgs	II
January 12, 2017	Clonazepam	30 tablets	2 mgs	IV
January 13, 2017	Carisoprodol	60 tablets	350 mgs	IV
January 21, 2017	Hydrocodone Bitartrate- Acetaminophen	90 tablets	325 mgs / 10 mgs	II
February 9, 2017	Carisoprodol	60 tablets	350 mgs	IV
February 9, 2017	Clonazepam	30 tablets	2 mgs	IV

				<u> </u>
February 21, 2017	Hydrocodone Bitartrate- Acetaminophen	90 tablets	325 mgs / 10 mgs	II
March 20, 2017	Hydrocodone Bitartrate- Acetaminophen	90 tablets	325 mgs / 10 mgs	II
March 21, 2017	Carisoprodol	60 tablets	350 mgs	IV
March 21, 2017	Clonazepam	30 tablets	2 mgs	IV
April 20, 2017	Clonazepam	30 tablets	2 mgs	IV
April 20, 2017	Hydrocodone Bitartrate- Acetaminophen	90 tablets	325 mgs / 10 mgs	II
April 20, 2017	Carisoprodol	60 tablets	350 mgs	IV
May 20, 2017	Clonazepam	60 tablets (Emphasis added)	2 mgs	IV
May 20, 2017	Carisoprodol	60 tablets	350 mgs	IV
May 20, 2017	Hydrocodone Bitartrate- Acetaminophen	90 tablets	325 mgs / 10 mgs	II
June 19, 2017	Clonazepam	60 tablets	2 mgs	IV
June 19, 2017	Carisoprodol	60 tablets	350 mgs	IV
June 20, 2017	Hydrocodone Bitartrate- Acetaminophen	90 tablets	325 mgs / 10 mgs	II
July 19, 2017	Clonazepam	60 tablets	2 mgs	IV
July 19, 2017	Carisoprodol	60 tablets	350 mgs	IV
July 20, 2017	Hydrocodone Bitartrate- Acetaminophen	90 tablets	325 mgs / 10 mgs	II
August 18, 2017	Clonazepam	60 tablets	2 mgs	IV
August 19, 2017	Carisoprodol	60 tablets	350 mgs	IV
August 19, 2017	Hydrocodone Bitartrate- Acetaminophen	90 tablets	325 mgs / 10 mgs	II
September 18, 2017	Hydrocodone Bitartrate- Acetaminophen	90 tablets	325 mgs / 10 mgs	II
September 20, 2017	Clonazepam	60 tablets	2 mgs	IV

1	September 20, 2017	Carisoprodol
2	October 23, 2017	Carisoprodol
3	October 23, 2017	Clonazepam
4 5	October 26, 2017	Hydrocodone Bitartrate- Acetaminoph
	November 28, 2017	Clonazepam
6 7	November 28, 2017	Carisoprodol
8	November 28, 2017	Hydrocodone Bitartrate- Acetaminoph
9	December 28, 2017	Clonazepam
10	December 28, 2017	Carisoprodol
11 12	December 28, 2017	Hydrocodone Bitartrate- Acetaminoph
13	January 26, 2018	Clonazepam
14 15	January 26, 2018	Hydrocodone Bitartrate- Acetaminoph
16	January 26, 2018	Carisoprodol
17 18	February 26, 2018	Hydrocodone Bitartrate- Acetaminoph
19	March 2, 2018	Clonazepam
20	March 2, 2018	Carisoprodol
21	April 2, 2018	Clonazepam
22	April 2, 2018	Hydrocodone Bitartrate- Acetaminoph
23	April 2, 2018	Carisoprodol
2425	May 1, 2018	Hydrocodone Bitartrate- Acetaminoph
26	May 1, 2018	Carisoprodol
27	May 1, 2018	Clonazepam
28		1

September 20, 2017	Carisoprodol	60 tablets	350 mgs	IV
October 23, 2017	Carisoprodol	60 tablets	350 mgs	IV
October 23, 2017	Clonazepam	60 tablets	2 mgs	IV
October 26, 2017	Hydrocodone Bitartrate- Acetaminophen	90 tablets	325 mgs / 10 mgs	II
November 28, 2017	Clonazepam	60 tablets	2 mgs	IV
November 28, 2017	Carisoprodol	60 tablets	350 mgs	IV
November 28, 2017	Hydrocodone Bitartrate- Acetaminophen	90 tablets	325 mgs / 10 mgs	II
December 28, 2017	Clonazepam	60 tablets	2 mgs	IV
December 28, 2017	Carisoprodol	60 tablets	350 mgs	IV
December 28, 2017	Hydrocodone Bitartrate- Acetaminophen	90 tablets	325 mgs / 10 mgs	II
January 26, 2018	Clonazepam	60 tablets	2 mgs	IV
January 26, 2018	Hydrocodone Bitartrate- Acetaminophen	90 tablets	325 mgs / 10 mgs	II
January 26, 2018	Carisoprodol	60 tablets	350 mgs	IV
February 26, 2018	Hydrocodone Bitartrate- Acetaminophen	90 tablets	325 mgs / 10 mgs	II
March 2, 2018	Clonazepam	60 tablets	2 mgs	IV
March 2, 2018	Carisoprodol	60 tablets	350 mgs	IV
April 2, 2018	Clonazepam	60 tablets	2 mgs	IV
April 2, 2018	Hydrocodone Bitartrate- Acetaminophen	90 tablets	325 mgs / 10 mgs	II
April 2, 2018	Carisoprodol	60 tablets	350 mgs	IV
May 1, 2018	Hydrocodone Bitartrate- Acetaminophen	90 tablets	325 mgs / 10 mgs	II
May 1, 2018	Carisoprodol	60 tablets	350 mgs	IV
May 1, 2018	Clonazepam	30 tablets	2 mgs	IV

1
2
3
4
5
6
7
8
9
10
11
12
13
14
15
16
17
18
19
20
21
22
23
24
25
26
27

May 29, 2018	Clonazepam	30 tablets	2 mgs	IV
May 29, 2018	Carisoprodol	60 tablets	350 mgs	IV
May 29, 2018	Hydrocodone Bitartrate- Acetaminophen	90 tablets	325 mgs / 10 mgs	II
June 27, 2018	Clonazepam	30 tablets	2 mgs	IV
June 27, 2018	Hydrocodone Bitartrate- Acetaminophen	90 tablets	325 mgs / 10 mgs	II
June 27, 2018	Carisoprodol	60 tablets	350 mgs	IV
July 25, 2018	Hydrocodone Bitartrate- Acetaminophen	90 tablets	325 mgs / 10 mgs	II
July 25, 2018	Carisoprodol	60 tablets	350 mgs	IV
July 25, 2018	Clonazepam	30 tablets	2 mgs	IV
August 23, 2018	Clonazepam	30 tablets	2 mgs	IV
August 23, 2018	Carisoprodol	60 tablets	350 mgs	IV
August 27, 2018	Hydrocodone Bitartrate- Acetaminophen	90 tablets	325 mgs / 10 mgs	II
September 21, 2018	Clonazepam	30 tablets	2 mgs	IV
September 26, 2018	Hydrocodone Bitartrate- Acetaminophen	90 tablets	325 mgs / 10 mgs	II
October 19, 2018	Clonazepam	30 tablets	2 mgs	IV
October 26, 2018	Hydrocodone Bitartrate- Acetaminophen	90 tablets	325 mgs / 10 mgs	II
November 16, 2018	Clonazepam	30 tablets	2 mgs	IV
November 26, 2018	Hydrocodone Bitartrate- Acetaminophen	90 tablets	325 mgs / 10 mgs	II
December 14, 2018	Clonazepam	30 tablets	2 mgs	IV
December 26, 2018	Hydrocodone Bitartrate- Acetaminophen	90 tablets	325 mgs / 10 mgs	II
January 11, 2019	Clonazepam	30 tablets	2 mgs	IV

1
2
3
4
5
6
7
8
9
10
11
12
13
14
15
16
17
18
19
20
21
22
23
24
25
26
27

January 15, 2019	Hydrocodone Bitartrate- Acetaminophen	90 tablets	325 mgs / 10 mgs	II
February 8, 2019	Clonazepam	30 tablets	2 mgs	IV
February 26, 2019	Hydrocodone Bitartrate- Acetaminophen	90 tablets	325 mgs / 10 mgs	II
February 26, 2019	Clonazepam	30 tablets	2 mgs	IV
March 27, 2019	Hydrocodone Bitartrate- Acetaminophen	90 tablets	325 mgs / 10 mgs	II
March 27, 2019	Clonazepam	30 tablets	2 mgs	IV
April 10, 2019	Clonazepam	30 tablets	2 mgs	IV
April 26, 2019	Hydrocodone Bitartrate- Acetaminophen	90 tablets	325 mgs / 10 mgs	II
May 6, 2019	Clonazepam	30 tablets	2 mgs	IV
May 29, 2019	Clonazepam	30 tablets	2 mgs	IV
May 31, 2019	Hydrocodone Bitartrate- Acetaminophen	90 tablets	325 mgs / 10 mgs	II
July 1, 2019	Hydrocodone Bitartrate- Acetaminophen	90 tablets	325 mgs / 10 mgs	II
July 2, 2019	Clonazepam	60 tablets	2 mgs	IV
July 31, 2019	Clonazepam	60 tablets	2 mgs	IV
July 31, 2019	Hydrocodone Bitartrate- Acetaminophen	90 tablets	325 mgs / 10 mgs	II
August 29, 2019	Clonazepam	60 tablets	2 mgs	IV
August 30, 2019	Hydrocodone Bitartrate- Acetaminophen	90 tablets	325 mgs / 10 mgs	II
October 1, 2019	Hydrocodone Bitartrate- Acetaminophen	69 tablets	325 mgs / 10 mgs	II
October 1, 2019	Hydrocodone Bitartrate- Acetaminophen	21 tablets	325 mgs / 10 mgs	II
October 14, 2019	Clonazepam	60 tablets	2 mgs	IV

November 12, 2019	Hydrocodone Bitartrate- Acetaminophen	21 tablets	325 mgs / 10 mgs	П
November 12, 2019	Hydrocodone Bitartrate- Acetaminophen	69 tablets	325 mgs / 10 mgs	II
November 13, 2019	Clonazepam	60 tablets	2 mgs	IV
December 11, 2019	Clonazepam	60 tablets	2 mgs	IV
December 17, 2019	Hydrocodone Bitartrate- Acetaminophen	69 tablets	325 mgs / 10 mgs	II
December 17, 2019	Hydrocodone Bitartrate- Acetaminophen	21 tablets	325 mgs / 10 mgs	II
January 10, 2020	Clonazepam	30 tablets	2 mgs	IV
January 10, 2020	Hydrocodone Bitartrate- Acetaminophen	90 tablets	325 mgs / 10 mgs	II
February 7, 2020	Clonazepam	30 tablets	2 mgs	IV
February 14, 2020	Hydrocodone Bitartrate- Acetaminophen	90 tablets	325 mgs / 10 mgs	II
March 6, 2020	Clonazepam	30 tablets	2 mgs	IV
March 13, 2020	Hydrocodone Bitartrate- Acetaminophen	90 tablets	325 mgs / 10 mgs	II
April 6, 2020	Clonazepam	30 tablets	2 mgs	IV
April 14, 2020	Hydrocodone Bitartrate- Acetaminophen	90 tablets	325 mgs / 10 mgs	II
May 6, 2020	Clonazepam	30 tablets	2 mgs	IV
May 14, 2020	Hydrocodone Bitartrate- Acetaminophen	90 tablets	325 mgs / 10 mgs	II

- 32. Respondent committed the following acts of gross negligence in his care of Patient C, which included but was not limited to, the following:
 - a.) Between on or about December 2, 2014 and on or about May 6, 2020, Respondent failed to end the use of benzodiazepines and/or sedative hypnotics in Patient C, after 90 days of use;

Ī				
1	3. Ordering Francisco H. Martinez, P.A., if placed on probation, to pay the Physician			
2	Assistant Board the costs of probation monitoring; and			
3	3. Taking such other and furt	her action as deemed necessary and proper.		
4				
5	DATED: December 9, 2021	ROZANA KHAN		
6		Executive Officer		
7		Physician Assistant Board Department of Consumer Affairs State of California		
8		Complainant		
9	SA2021302844 35719914.docx			
10	33/19914.docx			
11				
12				
13				
14				
15				
16				
17 18				
19				
20				
21				
22				
23				
24				
25				
26				
27				
28				
		29		